



OXYGEN MONITORING SYSTEM







02CX 8.0 Remote Control Model

02CX 8.0 High Temperature Model





Inspect Shipment for Damage

Carefully inspect the entire shipment for damage in the presence of the shipper's agent, removing packaging material if necessary. Note any damage to packaging and/or goods on Packing List and have it signed by the shipper's agent prior to accepting the shipment. Submit damage claim to MRU immediately.

NOTE: Damage claims not received by MRU within 3 days of receipt of shipment will not be accepted.

Save the original box and the packing material for use if the analyzer must be shipped in the future.

The products described in this manual are subject to continuous development and improvement and it is therefore acknowledged that this manual may contain errors or omissions. MRU encourages customer feedback and welcomes any comments or suggestions relating to the product or documentation.

Please forward all comments or suggestions to the Customer Feedback Department at the following address:

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This manual is intended solely as a guide to the use of the product.

COSA Xentaur shall not be liable for any loss or damage whatsoever arising from content errors or misinterpretation of information's from this manual or any misuse resulting from the use of this manual.



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2.1 02CX 8.0

Thank you for purchasing the MRU 02CX 8.0 In-Situ oxygen and combustibles (O2 and COe) monitoring probe.

- Please read this instruction manual carefully before attempting to operate the analyzer. After you have become familiar with this manual, move on to installation, operation and maintenance of the analyzer. Incorrect use of the analyzer could cause an accident or injury.
- Product development and improvement are dynamic goals of MRU, and specifications of this analyzer are subject to change without prior notice.
- Modification of this analyzer is strictly prohibited unless written approval is obtained from the manufacturer. MRU will not be responsible for any issues of any kind resulting from any modification made to the analyzer without written permission.
- It is important that this manual remains in the custody of the actual operator of the analyzer.
- After reading the manual carefully, it should be stored in a safe, but accessible place.
- This instruction manual should be delivered to the end user immediately upon delivery.

NOTICE:

- It is prohibited to transfer part or all of this manual in written format without MRU written permission
- Product development and improvement are dynamic goals of MRU, and descriptions and illustrations of the analyzer used herein are subject to change without prior notice.

Please note:

Our warranty and guarantee obligations for 02CX 8.0 do not cover the usage of the analog signal 4 - 20 mA for regula-tion- and control-purposes.

We exclude any liability for consequential damages.

3 RETURNED GOODS

Packing regulation of 12.07.1991

If your local waste facility does not except MRU packing materials for disposal, you may return it to MRU or our local sales representative. Packing materials returned to MRU must be returned prepaid.

3.1 Return of analyzer

MRU GmbH is required to accept the return, for proper disposal, of all analyzers delivered after 13th of August 2005. Analyzers must be returned to MRU prepaid.



4 Safety

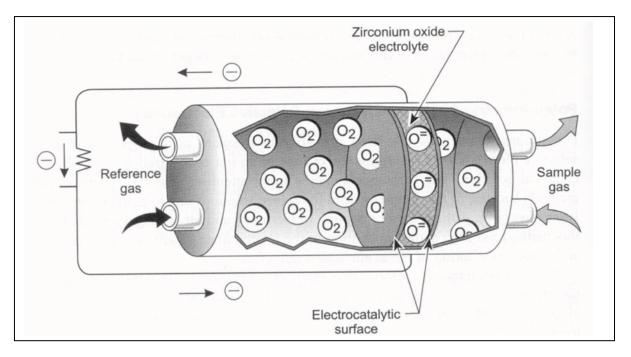
- The O2 probe may only be used in original, undamaged condition and in accordance with the operation manual.
- All individuals dealing with the installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the analyzer or probe must be qualified to do so and must strictly observe this operation manual.
- Unauthorized modifications to any part of the analyzer or probe can create safety risks and are not permitted.
- Power other than that specified in this manual must never be provided to the probe.
- Service of transmitter electronics by non skilled personnel is not allowed.
- Do not allow condensate to come into contact with the sensors.
- Do not attempt to clean the probe with water.
- The probe shall not be used in under-stoichiometric combustion conditions, due to the possible presence of flammable gases, eventually over the LEL (low explosion level).
- Power must always be provided to the probe, even during boiler shut-down, to prevent the formation of condensate which can damage the sensors.
- Do not use the probe for any purpose other than that specified in this manual.
- Exposure to corrosive gases such as silicone vapor, alkaline and heavy metals, P, Pb, high SO₂, etc. will shorten the life time of the sensors.
- It is mandatory to the user to insure that all persons operating this equipment are properly trained in its operation and fully understand the operating principals of the equipment.
- *MRU GmbH, its affiliates and agents cannot be held responsible in any way for damage or injuries resulting from improper use, misuse or neglect in operating this equipment.*

Caution

Probes installed inside flue ducts and stacks operate at elevated temperatures (often 1.000° F and higher) create danger of serious skin burns to operators if proper handling precautions and extreme care are not taken.

5 O_2 sensor – operating theory

Heated zirconium oxide (ZrO₂) is used as a ceramic solid electrolyte that is a good oxygen ion conductor at temperatures of approximately 1.550 ° F (850 °C), generated by an internal low power (20 W) heater element. The heater element is a PTC type, self-regulating device that does not require a thermocouple for temperature regulation. Constant sensor temperature is maintained by controlling the heater voltage and current to fixed resistance of the heater element.



The electro-motive force (emf) that is generated across the solid electrolyte by the presence of oxygen ions can be measured as a sensor voltage (according to Nernst law).

$RT_{\rm LP} P_{\rm O2ref}$	where:	:	
$U_s = U_0 + \frac{H}{4F} \ln \frac{P_{O2 \text{ sample}}}{P_{O2 \text{ sample}}}$	U ₀	=	offset voltage (for $P_{O2 ref} = P_{O2sample}$)
O2 sample	R	=	universal gas constant
	Т	=	zirconium temperature
	F	=	Faraday constant
	P_{O2ref}	=	oxygen partial pressure reference side
	P _{O2sample}	e =	oxygen partial pressure sample side

This voltage is measured by micro-controller based transmitter electronics and converted into a standard 4 - 20 mA signal, linearized for oxygen in the range of 0 - 25 %.

The expected lifetime of this sensor is about 5 years + under normal operating conditions, and is not dependent on fuel type, but:

CAUTION:

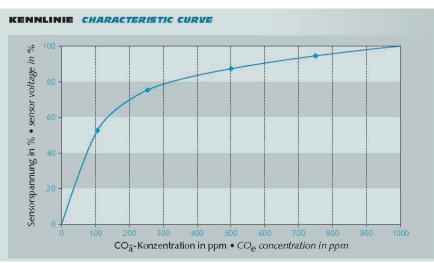
- If combustible gas (CO, H₂, HC) in high concentrations are present in the sample gas, erroneous O₂ readings will result due to local combustion at the sensors' hot surface.
- Exposure to corrosive gases (silicone vapor, alkaline and heavy metals, P, Pb, high SO₂, etc.) will shorten the life of the sensor.
- Condensation of flue gas moisture close to the sensor's flange must be prevented.

6 COe sensor – operating theory

A solid ceramic electrolyte with thin-layer technology is used to measure the combustible gases (CxHy equivalent CO₂). The ceramic electrolyte is a good oxygen ion conductor at temperatures of approximately 1.300 ° F (700 °C) generated by an internal, low power (10 W) self regulating heater element.



The heated electrolyte has an initial voltage (U_0 approximately zero mV) in the absence of combustible gases (H₂, CO or CH₄ or C_{3H8}, etc). In presence of these gases, the output voltage increases (see chart below) as these gases are oxidized at the hot surface of sensor



The cell voltage is measured by micro-controller based transmitter electronics and converted into a standard, linearized 4 - 20 mA signal for combustibles equivalent carbon monoxide (COe) in the range of approximate 0 - 1000 ppm.

Since the sensor is reacting to the presence of any combustible gas, but calibrated with CO+H₂, equivalent CO measurements will be reported.

The expected lifetime of this sensor is about 5 years + under normal operating conditions, and is not dependent on fuel type, but:

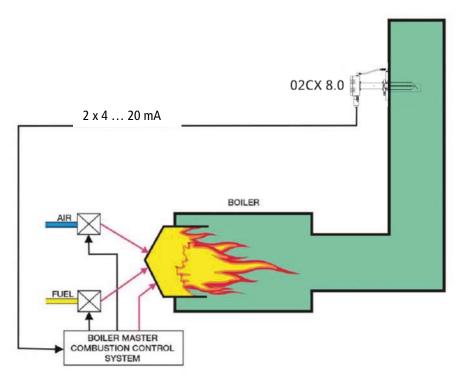
CAUTION:

• Exposure to corrosive gases (silicone vapor, alkaline and heavy metals, P, Pb, high SO₂, etc.) will shorten the life of the sensor.

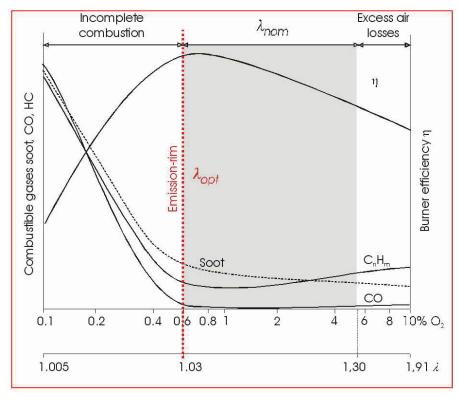
7 System components, general information

The 02CX 8.0 is used to continuously measure oxygen and combustible gas concentrations in flue and stacks of industrial boilers or furnaces, and those measurements are used to finely tune the combustion process.

7.1 Optimizing combustion



Optimum combustion conditions are achieved by decreasing the amount of excess air in the stack gas to the point where combustibles start to increase. See combustion diagram below:



The absolute value of combustibles in the stack gas of a burner depends very much on the design and construction of the burner/boiler. Combustibles (CxHy) are lower in a well-designed system than they are one that is poorly designed.



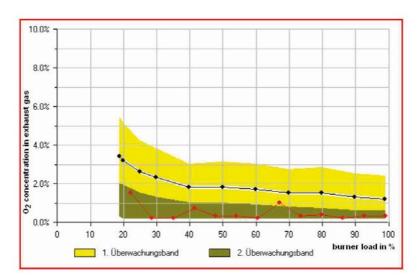
It is important to monitor the rising level of combustibles, labeled _{opt} in the above diagram, and to trim the air/fuel ratio of the burner to compensate for changing ambient conditions (pressure and humidity) and maintain the point of maximum heat efficiency.

The diagram below illustrates the burner operating under two conditions:



Conventional operation with increased safety margin (higher O2 concentration in the stack gas).

Improved operation with optimized combustion (lowest O2 concentration in the stack gas without a corresponding increase in combustibles).



The difference between the yellow area and the brown area represents the degree of combustion optimization, which in turn represents savings in fuel.

7.2 02CX 8.0 features

The main features of 02CX 8.0 system are:

- Compact, reliable and rugged industrial design.
- Special reference air not required (uses ambient by natural diffusion).
- True wet gas analysis and calculation of dry oxygen level if humidity of gas is known.
- Fast response time.
- Low energy consumption for both O2 and COe sensors.
- Micro-controller based electronics with backlit, graphic LCD display.
- Linearized, galvanic isolated 4 20 mA signal outputs for both O2 and COe.
- RS485 galvanic isolated digital data transfer (Modbus protocol RTU).
- Field replaceable transmitter
- Fast, safe and easy servicing by a single technician without removing the probe from the stack
- Dust tight and water proof enclosure IP65 (NEMA 4)
- Easy operation and maintenance



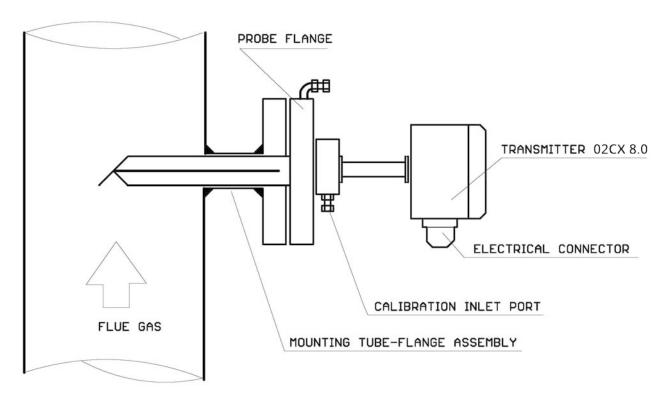
7.3 Probe models

There are three distinctive models of the 02CX 8.0 probe available:

- 1. The **compact** model **02CX 8.0**, which uses the flow guidance tube principle. The probe tube can be made of stainless steel for stack gas temperatures up to 1.200 ° F (650 °C) or made of AISI300 steel for stack gas temperatures up to 1.000 ° C (1.800 °F)
- 2. The **remote transmitter** model **02CX 8.0 RT**, which is similar to above model but has the transmitter electronics separated from the probe by means of a 10 m (30 ft) special cable
- **3.** The **high temperature** model **02CX 8.0 HT** has no flow guidance tube but uses a ceramic tube and an air jet pump (ejector) to extract the sample from the tip of ceramic tube. It can be used for clean flue gas temperatures up to 1.700 °C (3.100 °F).

7.3.1 Compact model 02CX 8.0 (# 61417)

This model shall be used at site with low heat radiated from the process (ambient temperature to transmitter electronics is less then 60 °C (140 °F).



COMPACT PROBE 02CX 8.0

Compact model components are:

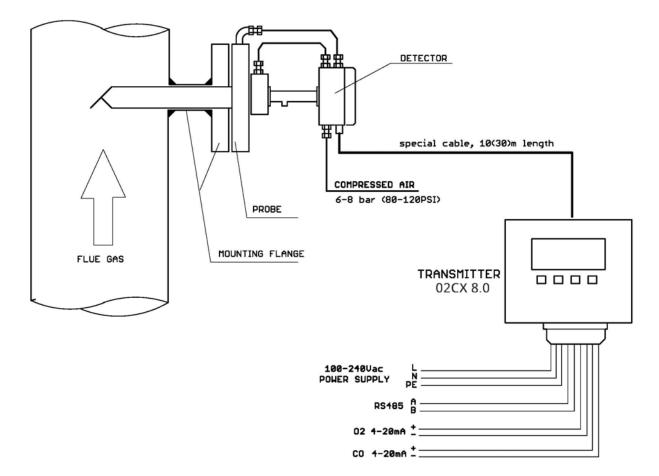
- probe with flow guidance tube and flange DN65/PN6 (4"ANSI150 only using flange adapter #63907)
- mounting flange assembly (supplied by user)
- transmitter with electronics and sensors for O2 and COe
- back purge system (blow-down) is not available
- pneumatic device (option) for automatic calibration

For higher temperature, less then 1.200 °C (2.000 °F), but higher then 650 °C (1200 °F), the model 02CX 8.0 RT with alloy AISI300 steel is recommended.



7.3.2 Remote transmitter model 02CX 8.0 RT (# 63467RT)

This model shall be used when radiated heat from the process (duct, stack etc) will cause rising of ambient temperature higher then 60 °C (140 °F)



Remote transmitter model components are:

- probe with flow guidance tube and flange DN65/PN6 (4"ANSI150 using flange adapter #63907)
 - SS316Ti material for temperature below 650 °C (1200 °F)
 - AISI300 material for temperature below 1.000 °C (1.800 °F)
- mounting flange assembly (supplied by user)
- detector head with junction box for sensors O2 and COe
- transmitter with electronics and switched power supply
- special cable between junction box and transmitter
- back purge system (option) for high dust conditions \rightarrow only for site with flying ash type of dust
- pneumatic device PU420 (option) for automatic calibration

This model can be equipped :

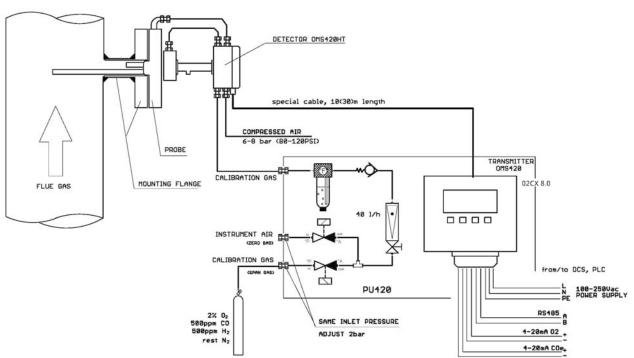
- with blow-down (back-purge) for dusty stack gases (# 63467RT)
- without blow-down (back-purge) for clean stack gases (# 61417RT)

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OPERATING MANUAL OXYGEN MONITORING SYSTEM 02CX 8.0

7.3.3 High temperature model 02CX 8.0 HT (# 63467HT)

This model shall be used at sites with high temperature flue gas, less then 1.700 °C (3.100 °F)



HIGH TEMPERATURE PROBE 02CX 8.0 with AUTOMATIC CALIBRATION PU420

High temperature model components are:

- probe with ceramic tube, ejector and flange 4"ANSI-150
- mounting flange assembly (supplied by user)
- detector head with junction box for sensors O2 and COe
- transmitter with electronics and switched power supply
- special cable between junction box and transmitter
- pneumatic device PU420 (option) for automatic calibration
- back purge is available trough calibration inlet port

The main differences between the remote transmitter model and the high temperature models are:

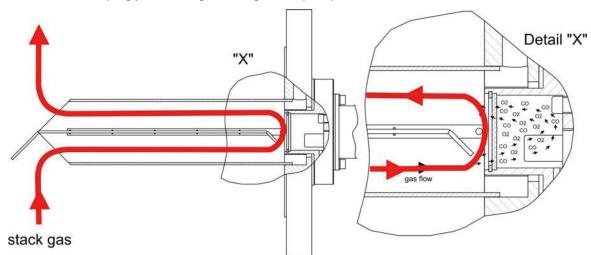
- the use of ceramic tube of sampling probe on the high temperature model
- the use of an ejector (air jet pump) to draw sample to the sensors..

When the ejector is purging instrument air with some 300 l/ h, a negative pressure on the back-side of a nozzle will be created. The negative pressure draws the sample gas from the tip of ceramic tube to the sensors.



7.4 Principle of flow guidance tube

The construction of the sampling probe is using the flow guidance principle



The tube is divided in half by a metal plate welded into the middle of the tube.

The probe is mounted on the stack by means of an 8-hole flange (ANSI 4", 150 lbs or DN100). The tip of the divider plate is oriented facing towards the flow, which directs the stack gas into and through the tube at the same velocity as the flow in the stack.

The detector body is mounted on the flanged side of the tube through a hole in the flange cut for that purpose. In the body, behind a filter screen (the measuring side of detector), the two sensors for oxygen and combustibles are exposed to the stack gas flowing through the filter screen. In the detector behind the sensors, ambient air for reference gas diffuses through another filter screen (for dust protection) and flushes the backside of sensors (the reference side of the detector).

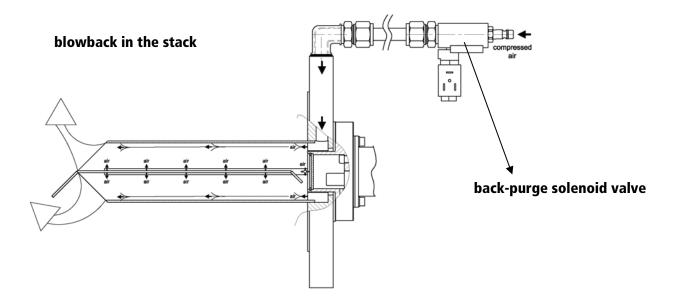


Illustration for compact probe only

The flange feeds compressed air to several holes placed strategically around the detector and through a small tube, with airreleasing orifices spaced along its entire length, which is mounted along the metal plate in the center of the probe. The timing, duration and number of pulses of compressed air is controlled by user-settable electronic parameters and released by a solenoid valve. During purging, compressed air blows across the filter screen protecting the sensors, and from the holes in the tiny blowback tube in the center of the probe, dislodging any accumulation of particulates so they will flow freely out of the probe and back into the stack.

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OPERATING MANUAL OXYGEN MONITORING SYSTEM **02CX 8.0**

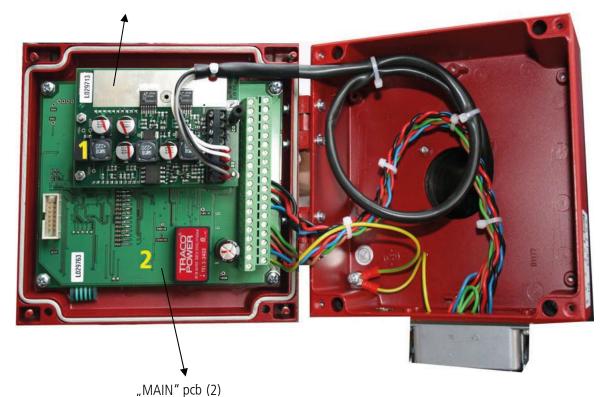
7.5 02CX 8.0 transmitter electronics

The transmitter is housed in an aluminum enclosure (IP65, NEMA4X) that contains:

- Printed circuit board with u-processor (PCB "MAIN")
- Backlit, graphic display and dust proof keypad
- Printed circuit board for the sensor connection (PCB "OMS")
- Electrical connector for power supply and data transfer

©		0
	Oxygen %w COe ppm	
	12.34 20	
	INFO SERV SET CALIB	
	OXYGEN MONITORING SYSTEM	
	02CX 8.0	
8		۲

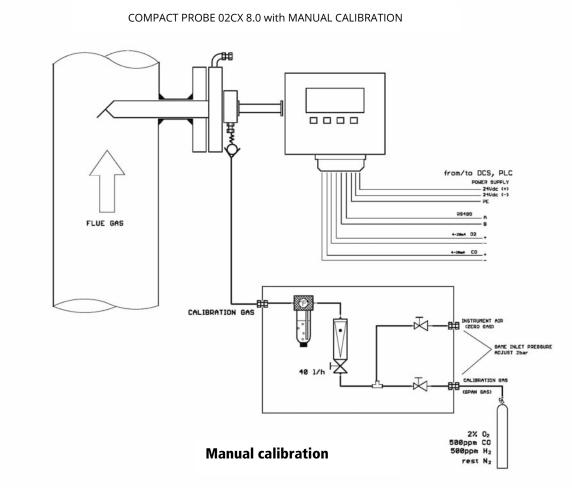
"OMS" pcb (1)



7.5 Manual calibration

To perform calibration of the instrument, the user can use following schematic diagram (or similar).

It is advisable to use moistured calibration gas (see § 4.7) and two hand-ball valves to select between instrument air (zero gas) and calibration gas (span gas) supply to calibration inlet port of unit.



The procedure of calibration is described in chapter § 6.7.

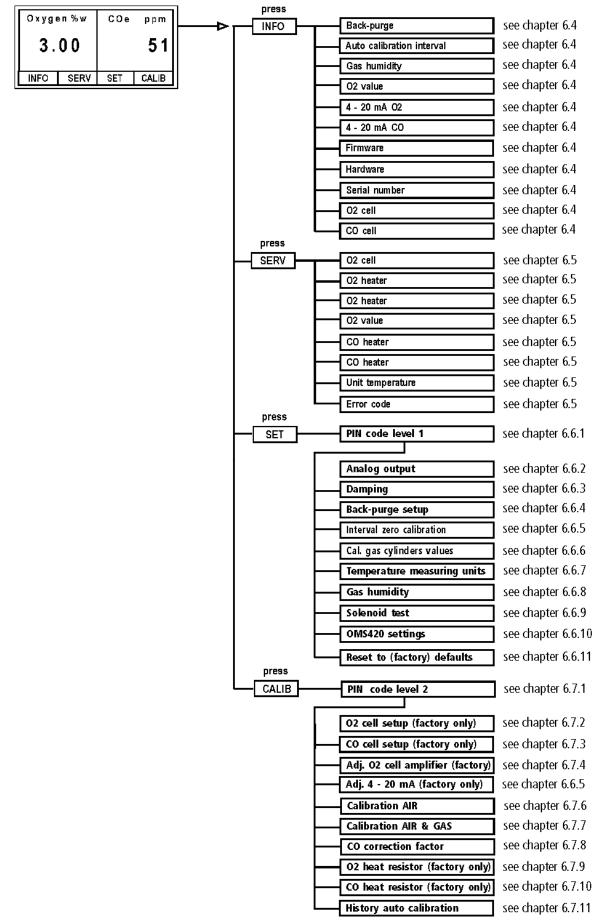
7.6 Recommended calibration gas

For automatic calibration or manual calibration (see procedure in chapter 6.7.3) customer shall use following calibration gases:

- 1) zero gas = instrument air (21 %O2 , 0 ppm HC)
- 2) span gas = 2...3 %O₂ ; 400...600 ppm CO ; 400...600 ppm H₂ ; rest N₂

Note: It is highly recommended to use water bubblier to moisture the calibration gas!!!

8 Software flow chart



9 Operation

9.1 Start-up

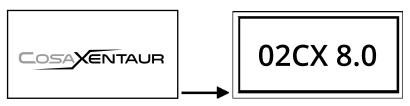
Prior to start-up, use the following check list to verify that all conditions are set for proper start-up:

<u>Checklist transmitter</u>

- Transmitter removed from the probe? (Note: always power up with transmitter removed from the probe/stack!!)
- Cast cover closed and screwed on?
- Transmitter easily accessible and visible?
- Ambient temperature around transmitter electronics in operating range of -20 °C to 60 °C (0°F to 140 °F)?
- Correct location of transmission cable (not in close proximity to high power supply cables or engines)?
- Connection for power supply connected properly?
- Signal connection connected properly?
- Power supply (factory provided line power fuse) switched on?
- Start up considerations:

Wiring.	Most problems are due to incorrect wiring. Please double check the wiring. Shield should be grounded only at one side of the cable.
Leaks:	Check the calibration inlet port plug for correct fit.
Insulation:	Check that the mounting flange has been properly insulated to prevent gas condensation.
Temperature:	Check mounting flange temperature: min. 70 °C (160 °F) and max. 150 °C (300 °F). Check ambient temperature of transmitter for max. 60 °C (+140 °F).

Note: If flange temperature at site with mounted probe and transmitter is below 70 °C (160 °F) it is necessary to use a flange heater (ask MRU) to prevent condensation!!!



After power is switched on, the MRU logo and model of the unit will be displayed!

9.2 Warm-up

Warm-up time: minimum 30 minutes

Warm - up		Oxyg	en%w	COe	ppm
29:45		3	00		51
Please wait		.	~ ~		~'
INFO SERV SET SKIP	>	INFO	SERV	SET	CALIB

LCD will display a time count down for 30 minutes.

During warm-up, some inside measured values (heaters current and voltages) will be compared with credible thresholds and in case of "out-of-range", an error message will be displayed. After countdown, if everything is OK, the message will change from "please wait" to the main measuring menu.

The "SKIP" function is used only for service purposes, to allow the operator to access other unit functions without waiting until the end of warm-up interval time. During this time, measurement values are not credible.

During warm-up, all other menus (info, service and setting) are accessible.

9.3 Main measuring menu

After warm-up, the unit will start automatically by displaying the main measurement menu.

 O_2 real time value with 0.01% resolution CO_e real time value with ppm resolution

Oxyge	en%w	COe	ppm
3.	00		51
INFO	SERV	SET	CALIB

Press "INFO" key for "info" menu Press "SERV" key for "service" menu Press "SET" key for "settings" menu Press "CALIB" key for "calibration" menu (see chapter 9.4) (see chapter 9.5) (see chapter 9.6) (see chapter 9.7)

NOTE:

If between 30 min no button is pressed during the measurement, the level will be set on "0". I.e. the menus SET and CALIB are only by renewed PIN input usable.

9	.4 Info n	nenu		_					
[Oxygen %w	COe	ppm		Back-purge in Auto-cal int.			Firmware Hardware	V1.00 V1.00
	3.00		51		Gas humidity O2 value 4 - 20 mA O2	disabled wet 0 - 20,96		Serial number O2 cell CO cell	123456 installed installed
				press	4 - 20 m A CO	0 - 1000	press		
	INFO SERV	SET	CALIB	INFO	BACK UP	DOWN	UP	BACK UP	DOWN

In the "INFO" menu the following parameters can be called up from a scroll up/down list:

- Next back-purge in hours/minutes
- Next automatic set to zero in days/hours
- If the display shows "----", the automatic set to zero is not activated
- Gas humidity display in % 1 25 or disabled
- O2 value wet: The O2 display is calculated to "wet" (*) dry: The O2 display is calculated to "dry" (*).
 - The gas humidity can be set by "SET" to "Set gas humidity"
- 4 20 mA 02 setting range of analog O2 output
- 4 20 mA COe setting range of analog COe output
- Firmware installed firmware version
- Hardware installed hardware version
- Serial number display of the serial number
- O2 sensor installed
- CO sensor installed/not installed

(*) Formula for O2 calculation dry/wet $O2 \max = 20.97\%$ oxygen content in air O2wet = measured O2-value in wet stack gas O2dry = calculated (%) O2-value dry

$$H =$$
 water content (%) in stack gas, (value entered manually), $H = 100 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{O2wet}{O2dry}\right)$

therefore calculation of $O2dry = O2wet \cdot \left(\frac{100}{100 - H}\right)$



9.5 Service menu

Oxygi 3 .	•n %w 0 0	COe	^{թթա} 51		O2 cell O2 hea O2 hea CO cel CO hea	ter ter I	1	0.01 m V 2.012 V 1.309 A 5.0 m V 8.021 V			Unit te Error c			96.8°F 0
				press	CO hea			403 m A		press				
INFO	SERV	SET	CALIB	SERV	BACK	UP	DOWN		I	UP	BACK	٩U	DOWN	ERROR

Displays actual 6 lines from a scroll up/down list with measured (A/D converter) components information.

Press the "UP" or "DOWN" key and return back to main measuring menu by pressing "BACK".

	standard value	allowed deviation
O2 cell	- 10 mV (with operation temperature and 21 % O2)	± 5 mV
O2 heater	12 V (depending on flange temperature)	± 2 V
O2 heater	1,3 A (heater current)	± 0,3 A
CO cell	5 mV (after warm-up and with fresh air)	± 5 mV
CO heater	7,5 V (depending on flange temperature)	-3,0 V + 1 V
CO heater	0,4 A (heater current)	± 0,1 A
Unit temperature		less then 60 °C (140 °F)

Typical mV-values for COe sensor:

If the system detects an error, the plain text meaning will be displayed after pressing "ERROR" key



9.6 Settings menu

This menu is protected by a user level 1 PIN code. Changing the pin code is described in following chapter.

9.6.1 PIN code level 1

Oxygen %w 3.00 INFO SERV press EDIT	COe ppm 51 SET CALIB	press SET	PIN code BACK UP	Down Enter	press ENTER	Pincode Userlevei: BACK	C EDIT
Pincode	0		Pincode	1		Pincode	∎1
User level:	0	press	User level:	0	press	User level:	0
OK UP press	DOWN POS	UP	OK UP	DOWN POS	POS	OK UP	DOWN POS
UP Pin code	11		Pin code	■11		Pincode	111
User level:	0	press	User level:	0	press	User level:	0
OK UP	DOWN POS	POS	OK UP	DOWN POS	UP	OK UP	DOWN POS
press POS							
Pincode	111		Pincode	1111		Pincode	1111
User level:	0	press	User level:	0	press	User level:	1
OK UP press	DOWN POS	UP	OK UP	DOWN POS	ОК	BACK	EDIT
BACK							

Entering the factory default PIN code 1111 (user level 1), gains access to the SET main menu and the above settings.



9.6.2 Set analog output

press	02 CC press Ho		press EDIT	Analog outpu O2 CO Hold after pu OK UP	0 - 20,9 5% 0 - 1000 ppm			
OK PREV or NEXT move cursor to values which can be changed EDIT change value by means of UP/DOWN and POS OK save values BACK return to main menu								
Factory defaults are:	20mA: O2 20mA: COe Hold after purge	0 – 21.00 % 0 – 1.000 pp typical 20 sec		to max 200 seco	nds)			

Notice: The last measured value on analog output 4-20mA after back-purge is hold even after back-purge cycle is finished.

9.6.3 Damping

This function allows user to set a damping (averaging the measurement over a period of time) of measurement, in the display as well in the analog output.

Analogoutput Damping		Damping			Damping	
Back-purge-setup		02 ->	Dsec.		02 ->	0 sec.
Intervalauto-cal Calibration cylinder	press	co>	Osec.	press	CO>	0 sec.
BACK UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK	Tiga	EDIT	BACK	EDIT

PREV or NEXT move cursor to values which can be changed EDIT change value by means of UP/DOWN and POS

save values

OK save values BACK return to main menu

Integration times from 0 to 30 seconds are settable, where 0 seconds means no damping.

9.6.4 Back-purge setup

This function allows setup of the optional back-purge solenoid valve to control:

- interval time between back purges (hours and minutes)
- pulse duration or interval time for energizing the solenoid valve (opening the valve)
- number of pulses during one back purge cycle

Damping Back-purge-setup Interval auto-cal	interval	2 hrs Omin		:	-	
				interval	2 hrs	Omin
	Pulse duratio ress Pulse number		press	Pulse duratie Pulse numbe		2 6
BACK UP DOWN ENTER EN	NTER BACK PREV	NEXT EDIT	EDIT	OK UP	DOWN	POS

PREV or NEXT	move cursor to values which can be changed
EDIT	change value by means of UP/DOWN and POS
OK	save values
BACK	return to main menu

If hours and minutes are 0, the back purge function is deactivated. The delivery state of this function is off.



9.6.5 Interval auto-calibration

This function allows setting the interval of auto calibration

Analog output Damping Back-purge-setup		Interval auto-cal interval (days)	1		Interval auto- interval (days	s) 1
Interval auto-cal Calibration cylinder	press	purgtime(min) Auto-Cal	0 AIR/GAS	press	purgetime(m Auto-Cal	in) 0 AIR/GAS
BACK UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK START	EDIT	EDIT	OK UP	DOWN NEXT

PREV or NEXT move cursor to values which can be changed

EDIT change value by means of UP/DOWN and NEXT

BACK return to main menu

START Starts the auto cal immediately

Interval: 0 – 99 days .<u>Note:</u> If "interval" is 0, the auto cal. function is deactivated!

Purge time: 1 – 10 minutes

Auto-cal: AIR or AIR and Gas

AIR: 1 point calibration with AIR (zero gas)

AIR/GAS:2 points calibration with combined AIR an GAS (zero gas and span gas)

First calibration must always be the zero calibration with AIR".

The delivery state of this function is "off".

9.6.6 Set calibration cylinder values

This function allows setting the values of span gas cylinders used for calibration.

Analogoutput]	Calibration c	ylinder			Calibrat	іоп с	ylinder	
Damping Back-purge-setup			zero	span				zero	span
Intervalauto-cal Calibration cylinder	press	02 (%) CO (ppm)	20.96 0	2.00 500	press	02 (%) CO (ppm)	20.9 <mark>6</mark> 0	2.00 500
BACK UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK PREV	NEXI	EDIT	EDIT	OK	UP	DOWN	POS

```
ок
```

PREV or NEXT	move cursor to values which can be changed
EDIT	change value by means of UP/DOWN and POS
OK	save values
BACK	return to main menu

The set values for "zero" are fixed values, programmed into the unit's firmware.

The values for the calibration gas cylinder setting have to be set to the correct cylinder values for both O2 and COe.

9.6.7 Set temperature measuring unit

Damping Back-purge-setup Intervalauto-cal Calibration cylinder		Measuring units			Measuring :	ınits	
Measuring units	press	Temp	۴F	press	Temp		٩P
BACK UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK	EDiT	EDIT	OK UP	DOWN	POS
ОК							

EDITchange value by means of UP/DOWNOKsave valuesBACKreturn to main menu

Set the temperature units to °C or °F

9.6.8 Set gas humidity

This function allows setting the value of gas humidity (if known) and selection of either wet oxygen measurement or dry oxygen calculation.

Back-purge-setupInterval auto-calCalibration cylinderMeasuring unitsSet gas humidityBACKUPDOWNENTERpressOK	press ENTER	Gashumidity Display 02 Humidity BACK	wet 0% EDiT	press EDIT	Gashumidity Display O2 Humidity OK UP		wet .0% DS
--	----------------	---	-------------------	---------------	--	--	------------------

NEXT	move cursor to values which can be changed
EDIT	change value by means of UP/DOWN
OK	save values
BACK	return to main menu

Change value of gas humidity (XX.X %) if this is known.

Using the formula: Humidity $H \% = (1 - O_2wet/O_2dry) \times 100$ the dry oxygen is calculated and displayed.

Default value for humidity = disabled

In the main menu the readings are w \rightarrow wet oxygen measurement and d \rightarrow dry oxygen calculation

9.6.9 Solenoid test

With the menu option "Solenoid test" allows to test each individual solenoid valve (if installed)

A manual switch ON or OFF of all 3 individual solenoid valves is possible.

By means of the key F1 the solenoid valve SV1 is switched ON or OFF, key F2 the solenoid valve SV2 is switched ON or OFF and with the key F3 the single solenoid valve SV3 is switched ON or OFF.

The display shows the current O2 and/or COe value(s).

Warning: All valves can be switched at the same time. It does not take place monitoring on a meaningful position of the single solenoid valves. This operation is only for authorized technical personal!

9.6.10 02CX 8.0 settings

This function allows change of display contrast and set of transmitter address for multiple transmitter connection on the same RS485 data bus.

Calibration c Measuring un Set gas humi Solenoid test OMS 420 setti BACK UP press OK to get b	its dity	press ENTER	Contra Device BACK			10 1 EDIT	press EDIT	Contra Device OK			1 <mark>0</mark> 1 POS
PREV or NEXT EDIT OK BACK	move cursor to values which can be changed change value by means of UP/DOWN and POS save values return to main menu										

LCD – Contrast 0-20 (10 for default)

Device-ID (Modbus) Slave address (RS 485-Modbus RTU)



	Press Reset to defaults Are you shure? Press ENTER YES NO rs will be reset to factory defaults aborted
Factory defaults	
Auto-calibration	OFF
Back-purge	OFF
4 – 20 mA Range O2	20,96 %
4 – 20 mA range COe	1.000 ppm
O2 cylinder1	21,00 %
O2 cylinder2	2,00 %
CO cylinder1	0 ppm
CO cylinder2	500 ppm (mixture gas with additional 500 ppm H ₂ gas is expected!)
Pulse duration	2 sec.
Numb. of pulses	6
Hold after purge	20 sec.
Unit temp.	°C
Display O2	wet
Humidity %	(without)
Interval (days)	0 (auto-calibration = OFF)
Purge time (min.)	0
Auto-Cal.	AIR (only 1 point calibration)

9.6.11 Reset to (factory) defaults

9.7 Calibration

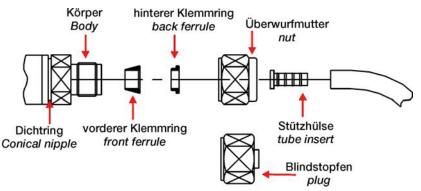
The transmitter should be powered up for at least 2 ... 3 hours before calibration. A test (calibration) gas cylinder is connected to the calibration gas inlet port for calibration.

Adjustment can be done manually or automatically using the solenoid valves of the optional pneumatic unit PU420.

The test gas (clean fresh air/instrument air or calibration gas) flows through the hole inside the small flange (sensor manifold), purges the sensors and exits through the filter screen to the inside probe tube mounted on the stack.

On site calibration is done without removing the probe from the stack.

After calibration, tighten the calibration inlet port plug with a 14 mm wrench for 1/6 of a turn.



Perform adjustment:

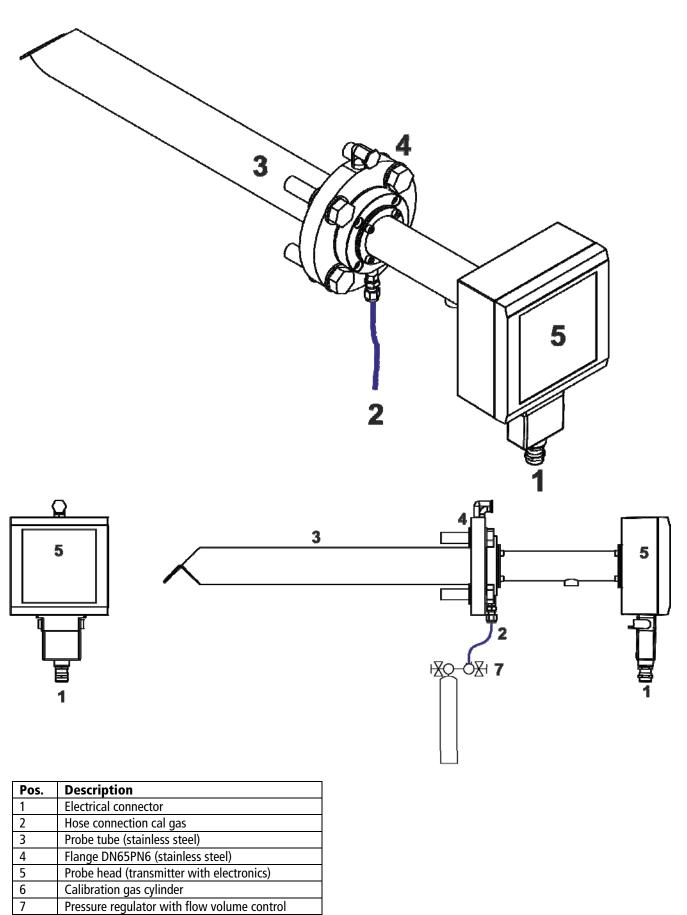
- 1 Purge sensor with ambient air (40 l/h using the calibration gas inlet port).
- 2 When being purged with fresh air, the analog output signal should be 17.37 mA (for $0 25 \% O_2$ measuring range).
- 3 With calibration gas $(2\% O_2 \text{ in } N_2)$, the analog output should be 5.28mA (for 0 25% O₂ measuring range).
- 4 The transmitter is now ready for operation.

Use calibration gas cylinder at least every 3 - 6 months.

Calibration with ambient clean air can be done automatically on a daily basis using the pneumatic option PU420.

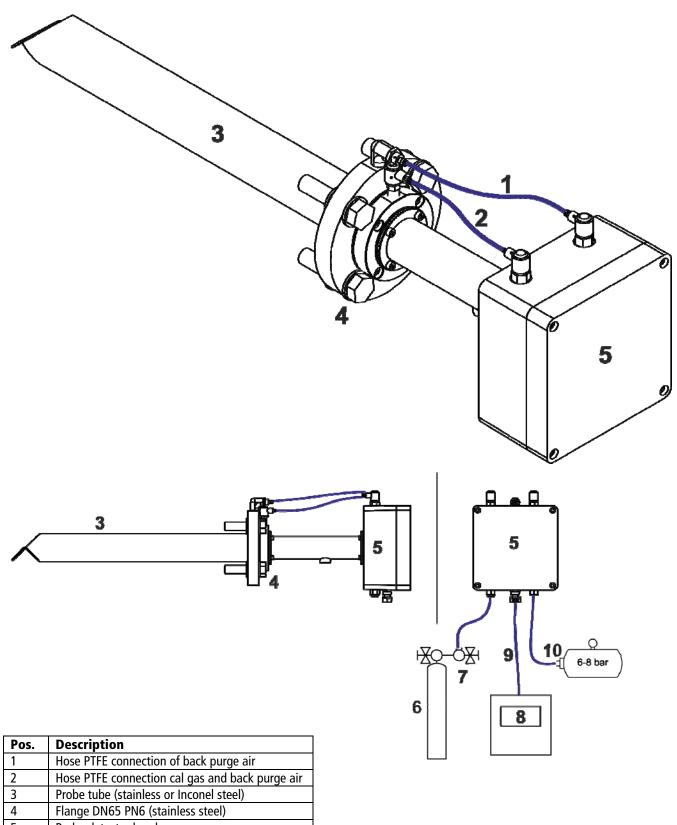


9.7.1 02CX 8.0 model compact probe (# 61417)



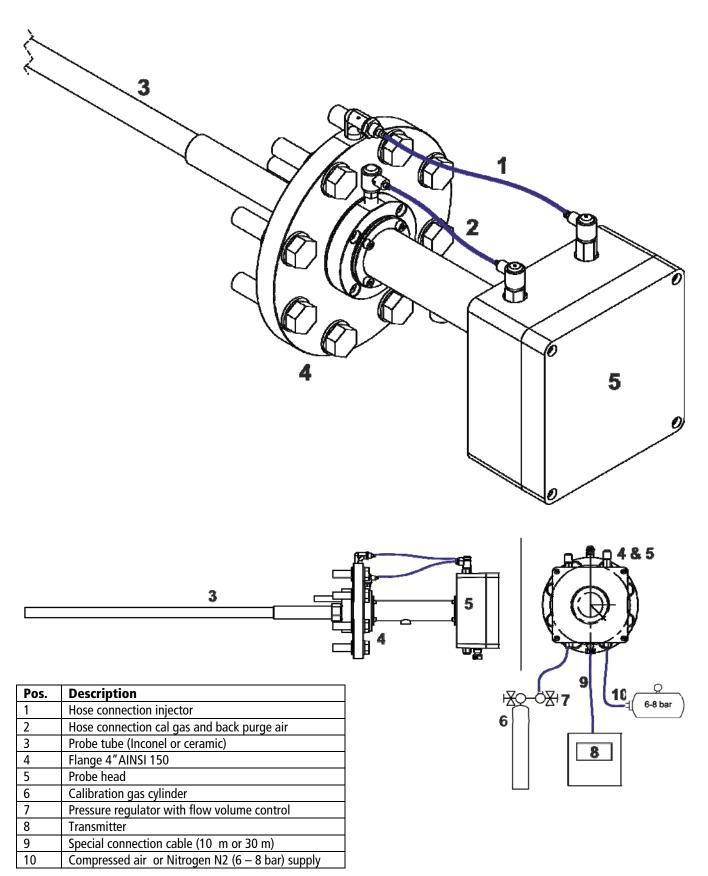


9.7.2 02CX 8.0 RT model remote transmitter (# 63467RT)



-	i lange zittez i tte (stanness steel)
5	Probe detector head
6	Calibration gas cylinder
7	Pressure regulator with flow volume control
8	Transmitter with electronics
9	Special connection cable (10 m or 30 m)
10	Compressed air or Nitrogen N2 (6 – 8 bar) supply

9.7.3 02CX 8.0 HT model high temperature (# 63467HT)

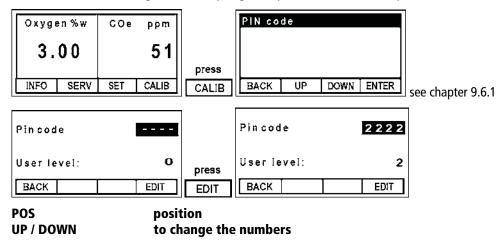




IMPORTANT: Only authorized persons or manufacturer's trained technicians are authorized to perform calibration adjustments on the 02CX 8.0.

9.7.4 Pin Code level 2

Calibration with AIR (zero gas) or GAS (span gas) requires the use of level 2 pin code

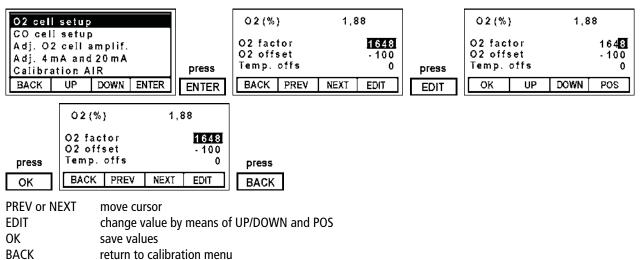


NOTE:

Below displayed values e.g. O2 factor and offset values are examples!

9.7.5 O2 cell setup (by factory only)

If there is no calibration gas available and the cell must be replaced, this function permits changing a cell without calibration. This can only be done if the cell factors have been measured at MRU and delivered together with the spare sensor.



1) O2 cell setup requires input (edit function) of O2 factor and O2 offset values delivered with the spare sensor

2) Temperature compensation of $20.9 \% O_2$ is required when oxygen value at air is changed too much because of gas or flange temperature change. The difference of air oxygen measurement at lower temperature to measurement at higher temperature will be edit as "Temp.offs" value.

NOTE:

This procedure should be followed by new calibration using calibration gas cylinder.

Only authorized persons or manufacturer's trained technicians are authorized to perform adjustments on the 02CX 8.0.

9.7.6 COe cell setup (by factory only)

If there is no calibration gas available and the cell must be replaced, this function permits changing a cell without calibration. This can only be done if the cell factors have been measured at MRU and delivered together with the spare sensor.

O2 cell setup CO cell setup Adj. O2 cell amplif. Adj. 4mA and 20mA		CO (ppm) CO factor CO offset	450 997 0		
Calibration AIR	press			press	
BACK UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK PREV	NEXT EDIT	EDIT	
PREV or NEXT move cursor EDIT change value by means of UP/DOWN and POS OK save values					

BACK return to calibration menu

COe cell setup factor and CO offset setup factor will be edit using the values delivered together with the spare sensor.

Set point of heat resistor [Ohm] must be also carried out according to $\$ 9.7.13 NOTE:

This procedure should be followed by new calibration using calibration gas cylinder.

Only authorized persons or manufacturers trained staff are allowed to perform adjustments on the 02CX 8.0!



9.7.7 Adjustment O2 cell amplifier (by factory only)

	-									
O2 cell	setup		29,2	2 m V				29,	22 m V	
	cell amplif. A and 20 mA	press	Adj. O2 cella Setoffset Setspan	·	1	press	Adj. O Setoff Setsp:	set	amplif.	1 100 2
BACK	UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK PREV	NEXT EDI	T	EDIT	ОК	UP	DOWN	POS
	29,22 m V	1								
press	Adj. O2 cellampl Setoffset Setspan	if. 1 1002	press							
ОК	BACK PREV NEXT	I EDIT	BACK							
PREV or NI		ov moons of	UP/DOWN and PC	nc						

PREV or NEXTmove cursorEDITchange value by means of UP/DOWN and POSOKsave valuesBACKreturn to calibration menu

This procedure is required only when a new O_2 cell is installed.

Source a precision voltage device to the input connectors of the O₂ cell signal (see picture below) and select

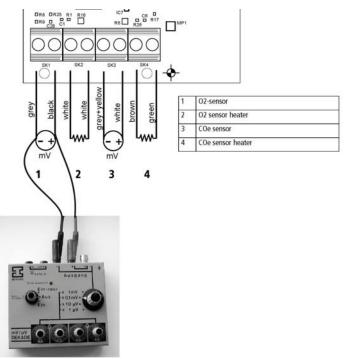
-10mV for offset trim and +100mV for span trim.

If actual values displayed are other than -10mV to +100mV setting can be adjusted by selecting "Set offset" or "Set span" and editing and replacing the displayed numbers with the actual numbers.

Factory default = factory adjusted values

ATTENTION:

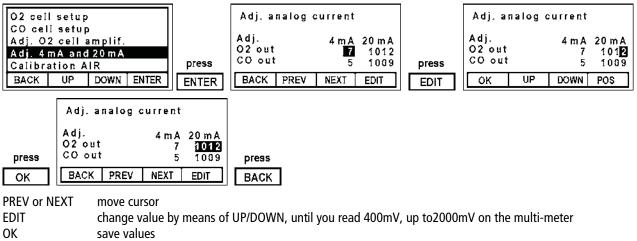
Changes of these factors require new gas calibration. Only authorized persons or manufacturer's trained technicians are authorized to perform adjustments on the 02CX 8.0.



9.7.8 Adjustment 4 mA – 20 mA (factory only)

Connect precision 100 Ohm resistor (0.1% tolerance) to both analog outputs of O_2 and CO measurements.

Measure the voltage across the resistors using a precision digital multi-meter.

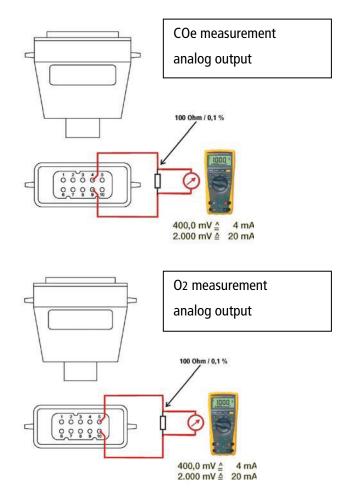


BACK return to calibration menu

Note:

The 4 – 20mA analog output factory adjustment can deteriorate over time, so measured values must be verified

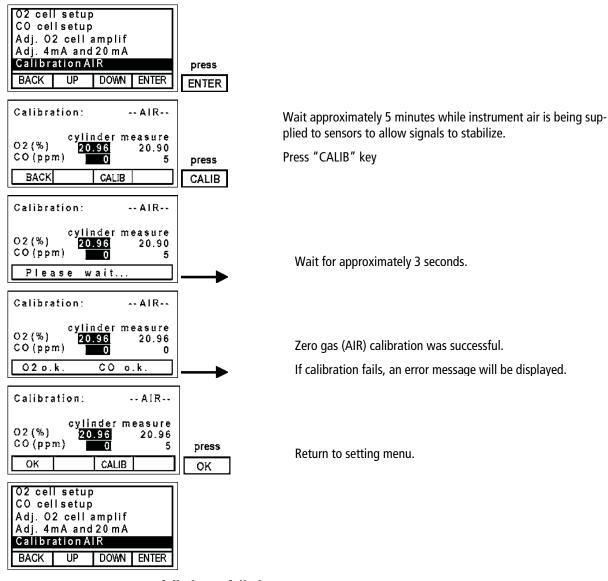
occasionally. Only authorized persons or manufacturers trained staff are allowed to perform adjustments on the 02CX 8.0.





9.7.9 Calibration AIR

This menu performs the 1 point calibration with AIR (zero gas).



O₂ OK. CO OK or O₂ failed! CO failed!

If calibration fails, an error message will be displayed.

9.7.10 Calibration AIR & GAS

This menu performs the 2 points calibration with combined AIR and GAS (zero gas and span gas).

For the calibration, the use of moistured mixture gas (O₂, CO and H₂) is mandatory. Moisturing the span gas requires the use of water bubblier!

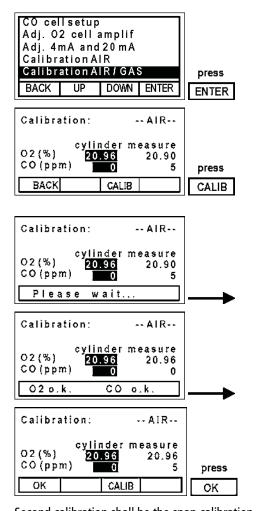
With single component CO gas, the calibration is not correct (must be avoided)

If no mixture gas is available, then see chapter 9.7.11.

Calibration of O2 only: set CO cylinder (value) = 0	\rightarrow no calibration
Calibration of CO only: set O2 cylinder (value) = 0	\rightarrow no calibration

First calibration must always be the zero calibration with "AIR"





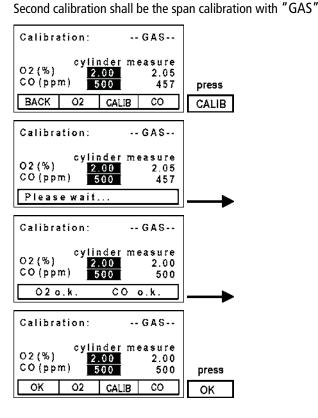
Wait approximately 5 minutes while instrument air is being supplied to sensors to allow signals to stabilize.

Press "CALIB" key

Wait for approximately 3 seconds!.

Zero gas (AIR) calibration was successful.

If calibration fails, an error message will be displayed.



Read calibration gas cylinder values and if any change is required (other cylinder values) then edit O_2 and CO in the display by pressing " O_2 " then the "CO" key.

Wait approximately 5 minutes while calibration gas is being supplied to sensors to allow signals to stabilize, then press "CALIB" key.

Wait for approximately 3 seconds.

Span gas (GAS) calibration was successful. If calibration fails, an error message will be displayed.

Return to previous setting menu.

9.7.11 CO correction factor

This function allows user to perform site calibration of combustibles measurement with a comparative selective CO measurement, using **portable CO analyzer** (e.g. DELTA65). This will make the equivalency to CO and is recommended to be carried out at stable, constant combustion process.

Adj. O2 cell amplif Adj. 4mA and 20 mA		desired value	measure
Calibration AIR Calibration AIR / GAS		CO(ppm) 500	750
CO correction factor	press	Factor 1000	
BACK UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK FACT.	EDIT

Because sensor is measuring all combustibles in the flue gas, a difference to selective CO measurement will occur.

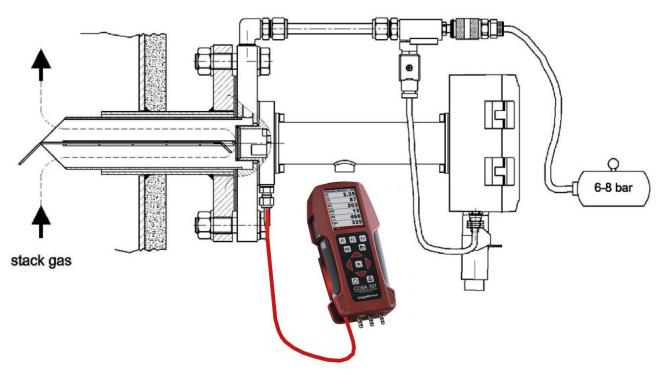
By using the correction factor, this difference will be minimized, the instrument will display same value as the comparing CO selective measuring instrument.

1) The measured value by means of DELTA65 can be set ("desired value") by pressing "EDIT" key.

2) Using the "UP" and "DOWN" keys will change this value until it corresponds to Delta65 measurement of CO.

3) Then press "OK" key to correct the combustibles measurement to selective CO measured value.

NOTE: by pressing the key "FACT." the CO correction factor will be set to 1000 (amplification is 1)!!!! In that case, adjustment of COe reading according to measurement by means of Delta65 is <u>out of order</u>!



Use a portable analyzer to measure CO in the flue gas and to adjust accordingly the "desired value".



	nA and 20 mA Ition AIR		02 heater	5.034 V		O2 heater	5.034 V
Calibra	ition AIR / GAS rection factor		Reg. point	0.397		Reg. point	0.397
	t resistor	press	Set. point	9.000	press	Set. point	9.00
BACK	UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK PREV	NEXT EDIT	EDIT	OK UP	DOWN POS
	O2 heater	5.034 V					
	Reg. point	0.397					
press	Set. point	9.000					
ОК	BACK PREV NEXT	EDIT					
PREV or N	IEXT move cursor						
EDIT	change value b	by means o	f UP/DOWN and	POS			
ОК	save values	-					

9.7.12 O2 heat resistor regulation (factory only)

UΚ save values BACK return to calibration menu

First line: regulation point actual (O₂)

Second line: new set point (Heat resistor [Ohm]}

ATTENTION:

Changes of these parameters require new calibration.

Only authorized persons or manufacturer's trained technicians are authorized to perform adjustments on the 02CX 8.0

9.7.13 COe heat resistor regulation (factory only)

Calibration AIR Calibration AIR / GAS		CO heater	8.012 V		CO heater	8.009 V
CO correction factor O2 heat resistor		Reg. point	0.3883		Reg. point	21.500
CO heat resistor	press	Set. point	21.000	press	Set. point	21.00
BACK UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK PREV	NEXT EDIT	EDIT	OK UP	DOWN POS

	CO hea	iter	1	5.744 V
	Reg. p	oint		0.3883
press	Set. po	oint	1	21.000
ок	BACK	PREV	NEXT	EDIT

PREV or NEXT move cursor change value by means of UP/DOWN and POS EDIT OK save values BACK return to calibration menu

First line: regulation point actual (CO)

Second line: new set point (Heat resistor [Ohm]}

Heat resistor [Ohm]

R 25 °C * (approx 9 Ω) COe:

 $R^{\text{setpnt}} = R^{25^{\circ}\text{C}} * 2,5 + K [\Omega]$

where K = 0 for compact probe

K = 0,7 for RT(HT) probe with 10m cable

K = 2,1 for RT(HT) probe with 30m cable

R higher \rightarrow higher temperature \rightarrow lower offset signal, faster response time, low CO response signal

R lower \rightarrow lower temperature \rightarrow larger CO response signal, and lower response time

ATTENTION:

Changes of these parameters require new calibration.



9.7.14 History auto-calibration

This function allows the user to see the last auto calibration values.

Calibration AIR/GAS]	Factor	last	current
CO correctionfactor 02 heat resistor		02 Off.	0	0
CO heat resistor		CO Off. O2 Span	0 10	0 845
History (auto-cal)	press	CO Sipan	3	968
BACK UP DOWN ENTER	ENTER	BACK		

10 Troubleshooting

If the system detects an error, the plain text will be displayed after pressing the "Error" key in the service menu.

Malfunction:	Corrective action:
No display	Check power supply, check cables and connectors
Display:	O ₂ sensor element defect
Heating current<0.5A	Check heater resistance of sensor
Sensor element defect	Replace sensor
Display:	New adjustment required
Configuration not ok	
Checksum wrong	
Display:	New adjustment required Please contact your dealer (manufacturer).
Flash error!	
Display:	Ambient temperature too high!
Unit to warm	Use heat shield or attach a compressed air based Vortec cooler
Hot environment	
Transmitter does not react with sample gas	Clean the filter screen.
from stack	
Calibration error	Calibration factor cannot be set.
	Test gas cylinder is empty, filter screen dirty or clogged
	Calibration offset value cannot be set.
	Instrument air supply is not available,
Transmitter does not react with test gas	Please contact your dealer (manufacturer).

11 Technical specifications

Measurements	Oxygen and combustibles (equivalent CO_e) contained in flue gas				
Measurement principle	Heated zirconium oxide cell for O ₂ ,				
	Heated solid electrolyte cell for CO_e				
Lifetime of cells	more than 5 years under normal conditions (*)				
Warm-up time	minimum 30 minutes				
Measurement range	$0 - 25.0$ % for O_2				
	0 – 1,000 ppm for CO _e				
Resolution	0.01 % for O_2 and 1 ppm for CO_e .				
Repeatability	within ± 1 % of full scale for O_2				
Linearity	better than \pm 1 % of full scale for O ₂				
Accuracy	O2: $\pm 0.2 \% O_2 \text{ or } \pm 5 \% \text{ of reading (whichever is larger)}$				
	COe: not selective measurement, accuracy is not an issue				
Response time	< 10 seconds				
Electronics	micro-controlled based, on board graphic backlit LCD				
Output signals	$2 \times 4 - 20 \text{ mA}$, galvanic isolated, max. 500 R (for direct transfer to process PLC)				
	RS 485, galvanic isolated digital data transfer (Modbus protocol RTU)				
Power supply	18 Vdc to max. 24 Vdc, 100 W for compact probe model 02CX 8.0				
	100240Vac / 50-60Hz, 100W for all other models				
Ambient temperature	- 4º F 140º F (-20°C+ 65°C)				
Ambient humidity	5 – 95 %, non condensing				
Protection	IP 65 (NEMA 4)				

(*) in the absence of heavy metals, silicones, silicates, aggressive and/or corrosive gases

12 Appendix

12.1 Error codes

- 02 Configuration Error, new adjustment required
- 04 Flash Error, new adjustment required Please contact your dealer (manufacturer).
- 08 Unit to warm, ambient temperature too high!
- 01 Heating current<0.5A, O2 sensor not o.k.
- 32 Heating current<0.1A, COe sensor not o.k.
- 64 Heating current<0.1A, COe sensor not o.k.
- Calibration error, calibration factor cannot be set.
 Test gas cylinder is empty, filter dirty or clogged.
 Calibration offset value cannot be set.
 Instrument air supply is not available.

At the same time if several errors line up, then the error codes are to be added. Her one example:

33 Heating current<0.5A, O2 sensor not o.k. and Heating current<0.1A, COe sensor not o.k.</p>

12.2 Modbus Slave specification

General information

- supports only the binary Modbus protocol (RTU)
- the slave modbus address is user definable from 1 to 49
- communication parameter are user definable as follows:
 - 9600 baud
 - 8-Bit

- even parity and 1 stop bit

- data types (used in table below):
 - U 16 bit unsigned integer value (0...65535)
 - I 16 bit signed integer value (-32768...32767)
 - UL 32 bit unsigned integer value (0...4.294.967.295)
 - L 32 bit signed integer value (-2.147.483.648...2.147.483.647)
 - F 3 32 bit floating point value (reads -1E38, when not available)

Defined registers

Available data with modbus command 4 READ INPUT REGISTERS:

PLC address	Protocol address	Data type	Number of registers	Register content
				Device info / status
40001	0	U	1	Error-Flags
40002	1	U	1	Reserved for further flags
40003	2	U	1	Status
40004	3	Ι	1	02 [%] 1152 -> 11,52 %
40005	4	Ι	1	CO [ppm] 123 -> 123 ppm

Error Flags

Bit 0 Heating current<0.5A, O2 sensor not o.k. Bit 1 Config error Bit 2 Flash error Bit 3 Unit to warm Bit 4 Bit 5 Heating current<0.1A, COe sensor not o.k. Bit 6 Bit 7 Calibration error

Status

Status 0 Busy Status 2 Measurement active Status 5 Backpurge active Status 6 Calibration active



12.3 Declaration of conformity



MRU Messgeräte für Rauchgase und Umweltschutz GmbH



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Bevollmächtigte Person, für die Zusammenstellung der technischen Unterlagen Person authorized to compile the technical documents

Name / name:	Dierk Ahrends
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Firmenname / company:	Messgeräte für Rauchgase und Umweltschutz GmbH
Straße / street:	Fuchshalde 8 + 12
Ort / city:	74172 Neckarsulm
Land / country:	Deutschland / Germany
P	rodukt/Product

Bezeichnung /designation:	ZrO2 Sauerstoffmesssystem
	ZrO2 based oxygen monitoring system
Produktname / name:	OM5 420
Funktion / function:	siehe Bezeichnung / see designation

Hiermit erklären wir, dass das oben beschriebene Produkt allen einschlägigen Bestimmungen entspricht, es erfüllt die Anforderungen der nachfolgend genannten Richtlinien und Normen:

We declare the conformity of the product with the applicable regulations listed below:

- EMV-Richtlinie / EMV-directive 2014/30/EU
- Niederspannungsrichtlinie / low voltage directive 2014/35/EU
- RoHS-Richtlinie / RoHS directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS II)

Neckarsulm, 01.07.2016

Ener bil

Erwin Hintz, Geschäftsführer / Managing Director





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